UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2024

OR

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File No. 0-25023

First Capital, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Indiana (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 35-2056949

220 Federal Drive NW, Corydon, Indiana 47112 1-812-738-2198

(Address of principal executive offices, zip code, telephone number)

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exhange on which registered
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share	FCAP	The NASDAQ Stock Market LLC

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer \Box Non-accelerated filer \boxtimes

Accelerated filer \Box Smaller reporting company \boxtimes Emerging growth company \Box

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \Box

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗆 No 🗵

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: 3,353,332 shares of common stock were outstanding as of May 6,2024.

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

FIRST CAPITAL, INC.

INDEX

<u>Page</u>

Part I Financial Information

Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>3</u>
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (unaudited)	<u>3</u>
Consolidated Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (unaudited)	<u>4</u>
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (unaudited)	<u>5</u>
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (unaudited)	<u>6</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (unaudited)	<u>7</u>
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	<u>8-40</u>
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>42-45</u>
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>46-49</u>
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	<u>49</u>
Part II Other Information	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	<u>50</u>
Item 1A. Risk Factors	<u>50</u>
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>50</u>
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities	<u>50</u>
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>50</u>
Item 5. Other Information	<u>50</u>
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	<u>51</u>
Signatures	

- 2 -

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION FIRST CAPITAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

March 31,

December 31,

			D	2022
		2024		2023
		(In tho	usands	5)
ASSETS	¢	10 707	¢	20.000
Cash and due from banks	\$	19,707	\$	20,008
Interest bearing deposits with banks		1,717		3,171
Federal funds sold		20,668		15,491
Total cash and cash equivalents		42,092		38,670
Interest-bearing time deposits		3,185		3,920
Securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost \$461,495 and \$468,549, respectively)		428,144		437,271
Securities held to maturity, at amortized cost (fair value \$4,405 and \$4,446, respectively)		7,000		7,000
Loans held for sale		759		800
Loans, net of allowance for credit losses of \$8,230 (\$8,005 in 2023)		621,377		614,409
Federal Home Loan Bank and other stock, at cost		1,836		1,836
Premises and equipment		14,344		14,413
Accrued interest receivable		4,442		4,788
Cash value of life insurance		9,153		9,105
Goodwill		6,472		6,472
Core deposit intangible		196		232
Other assets		17,555		18,964
		17,000		10,501
Total Assets	\$	1,156,555	\$	1,157,880
			:	
LIABILITIES				
Deposits:				
Noninterest-bearing	\$	209,328	\$	205,535
Interest-bearing		800,764		819,676
Total deposits		1,010,092		1,025,211
Borrowed funds - Bank Term Funding Program ("BTFP")		33,625		21,500
Accrued interest payable		1,398		1,209
Accrued expenses and other liabilities		5,600		4,615
Total liabilities		1,050,715	<u> </u>	1,052,535
EQUITY				
Preferred stock of \$.01 par value per share Authorized 1,000,000 shares; none issued		-		-
Common stock of \$.01 par value per share Authorized 7,500,000 shares; issued 3,806,983 shares (3,803,833				
in 2023); outstanding 3,353,810 (3,350,660 in 2023)		38		38
Additional paid-in capital		41,676		41,588
Retained earnings-substantially restricted		99,152		97,105
Unearned stock compensation		(259)		(249)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(25,666)		(24,033)
Less treasury stock, at cost - 453,173 shares		(9,216)		(9,216)
Total First Capital, Inc. stockholders' equity		105,725	<u> </u>	105,233
Noncontrolling interest in subsidiary		115		112
Total equity		105,840		105,345
		105,040		105,545
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$	1,156,555	\$	1,157,880
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.				

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION FIRST CAPITAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

(Unduattea)		Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2	024	,	2023
INTEREST INCOME	(In th	ousands, exce		
Loans, including fees	\$	9,238		7,638
Securities:				
Taxable		1,629		1,301
Tax-exempt		704		865
Dividends		12		11
Federal funds sold and other income		254		372
Total interest income		11,837		10,187
INTEREST EXPENSE		,		,
Deposits		2,806		996
Advances - Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB")		48		-
Borrowed funds - BTFP		383		-
Total interest expense		3,237		996
Net interest income		8,600		9,191
Provision for credit losses		280		193
Net interest income after provision for credit losses		8,320	-	8,998
NONINTEREST INCOME		0,020		0,770
Service charges on deposit accounts		593		562
ATM and debit card fees		1,060		1,087
Commission and fee income		13		12
Gain on sale of securities		32		-
Unrealized (loss) gain on equity securities		(68)		137
Gain on sale of loans		101		86
Increase in cash surrender value of life insurance		48		45
Other income		120		62
Total noninterest income		1,899		1,991
NONINTEREST EXPENSE		,		,
Compensation and benefits		3,843		3,789
Occupancy and equipment		463		447
Data processing		1,076		1,031
Professional fees		259		186
Advertising		88		83
Other expenses		1,028		865
Total noninterest expense		6,757		6,401
Income before income taxes		3,462		4,588
Income tax expense		507		769
Net Income		2,955		3,819
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest in subsidiary		3		3
Net Income Attributable to First Capital, Inc.	\$	2,952	\$	3,816
Formings per common share attributable to First Conital Jack				
Earnings per common share attributable to First Capital, Inc.:	¢	0.88	\$	1.14
Basic	\$		-	
Diluted	\$	0.88	\$	1.14
Dividends per share	\$	0.27	\$	0.27

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

- 4 -

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION FIRST CAPITAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
		2024			
		(In thous	ands)		
Net Income	\$	2,955	\$ 3,819		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME					
Unrealized (losses) gains on securities available for sale:					
Unrealized holding (losses) gains arising during the period		(2,041)	8,813		
Income tax benefit (expense)		433	(2,068)		
Net of tax amount		(1,608)	6,745		
Less: reclassification adjustment for realized gains included in net income		(32)	-		
Income tax expense		7	-		
Net of tax amount		(25)	-		
Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, net of tax		(1,633)	6,745		
Comprehensive Income		1,322	10,564		
Less: comprehensive income attributable to the noncontrolling interest in subsidiary		3	3		
Comprehensive Income Attributable to First Capital, Inc.	\$	1,319	\$ 10,561		
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements					

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

- 5 -

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION FIRST CAPITAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)		mmon tock	I	lditional Paid-in Capital		etained arnings		cumulated Other nprehensive Loss		Unearned Stock ompensation		reasury Stock	No	oncontrolling Interest		Total
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$	38	\$	41,636	\$	88,465	\$	(35,741)	\$	(549)	\$	(8,691)	\$	112	\$	85,270
Cumulative Effect of Change in																
Accounting Principles		-		-		(529)		-		-		-		-		(529)
Balances at January 1, 2023 (as		• •														
adjusted)		38		41,636		87,936		(35,741)		(549)		(8,691)		112		84,741
Net income						2.01(3		2.010
Other comprehensive income		-		-		3,816		- 6,745		-		-		3		3,819 6,745
Cash dividends		-		-		(907)		0,745		-		-		-		(907)
Stock compensation expense		-		-		- (507)		-		84		-		-		84
Purchase of treasury shares		-		-		-		-		-		(327)		-		(327)
												. ,				
Balances at March 31, 2023	\$	38	\$	41,636	\$	90,845	\$	(28,996)	\$	(465)	\$	(9,018)	\$	115	\$	94,155
,																
Balances at January 1, 2024	\$	38	\$	41,588	\$	97,105	\$	(24,033)	\$	(249)	\$	(9,216)	\$	112	\$	105,345
Net income		-		-		2,952		-		-		-		3		2,955
Other comprehensive loss		-		-		-		(1,633)		-		-		-		(1,633)
Cash dividends		-		-		(905)		-		-		-		-		(905)
Stock compensation expense		-		-		-		-		78		-		-		78
Restricted stock grant grants		-		88		-		-		(88)		-		-		-
Balances at March 31, 2024	\$	38	\$	41,676	\$	99,152	\$	(25,666)	\$	(259)	\$	(9,216)	\$	115	\$	105,840
Datances at Match 51, 2024	Ψ	20	Ψ	11,070	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	(20,000)	Ψ	(257)	Ψ	(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	115	Ψ	100,010

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION FIRST CAPITAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(Unauaitea)	Three Mon Marc	
	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(In thou	sands)
Net income	2,955	\$ 3,819
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities:		
Amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts on securities, net	312	429
Depreciation and amortization expense	265	254
Deferred income taxes	(207)	(51)
Stock compensation expense	78	84
Increase in cash value of life insurance	(48)	(45)
Gain on sale of securities	(32)	-
Provision for credit losses	280	193
Proceeds from sales of loans	6,311	6,035
Loans originated for sale	(6,169)	(5,732)
Gain on sale of loans	(101)	(86)
Amortization of tax credit investment	577	89
Unrealized loss (gain) on equity securities	68	(137)
Decrease in accrued interest receivable	346	129
Increase in accrued interest payable	189	95
Net change in other assets/liabilities	2,395	178
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	7,219	5,254
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net decrease in interest-bearing time deposits	735	1
Purchase of securities available for sale	(27,030)	(6,289)
Purchase of securities held to maturity	(27,050)	(0,20)
Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale	9,475	1,480
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	19,189	-,
Principal collected on mortgage-backed obligations	5,140	3,921
Proceeds from sale of equity securities	-	-
Net increase in loans receivable	(7,248)	(8,372)
Investment in technology fund	(,,)	(100)
Purchase of premises and equipment	(159)	(132)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Investing Activities	102	(9,491)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(15.110)	(24.04()
Net decrease in deposits	(15,119)	(24,946)
Advances from FHLB and BTFP	107,750	-
Repayment of advances from the FHLB and BTFP	(95,625)	-
Purchase of treasury stock	- (005)	(327)
Dividends paid	(905)	(907)
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities	(3,899)	(26,180)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,422	(30,417)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	38,670	66,298
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	42,092	\$ 35,881

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

- 7 -

(Unaudited)

1. Presentation of Interim Information

First Capital, Inc. ("Company") is the financial holding company of First Harrison Bank ("Bank"), an Indiana chartered commercial bank and wholly owned subsidiary. First Harrison Investments, Inc. and First Harrison Holdings, Inc. are wholly-owned Nevada corporate subsidiaries of the Bank that jointly own First Harrison, LLC, a Nevada limited liability corporation that holds and manages an investment portfolio. First Harrison REIT, Inc. ("REIT") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of First Harrison Holdings, Inc. that holds a portion of the Bank's real estate mortgage loan portfolio. FHB Risk Mitigation Services, Inc. (the "Captive") was a wholly-owned insurance subsidiary of the Company that provided property and casualty insurance coverage to the Company, the Bank and the Bank's subsidiaries, and reinsurance to nine other third party insurance captives, for which insurance was not available or economically feasible in the insurance marketplace. Refer to Note 13 - Captive Subsidiary for details regarding the status of the Captive.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments considered necessary to present fairly the financial position as of March 31, 2024, and the results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 and the cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023. All of these adjustments are of a normal, recurring nature. Such adjustments are the only adjustments included in the unaudited consolidated financial statements. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year or any other period.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") for interim financial statements and are presented as permitted by the instructions to Form 10-Q. Accordingly, they do not contain certain information included in the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements and related footnotes for the year ended December 31, 2023 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current period presentation. The reclassifications had no effect on net income or stockholders' equity.

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

In June 2022, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2022-03, *Fair Value Measurements (Topic 820), Fair Value Measurement of Equity Securities Subject to Contractual Sale Restrictions.* The ASU clarifies that a contractual restriction on the sale of an equity security is not considered part of the unit of account of the equity security and, therefore, is not considered in measuring fair value. It also clarifies that an entity cannot, as a separate unit of account, recognize and measure a contractual sale restriction. For public business entities, the ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted and the amendments in the ASU should be applied prospectively with any adjustments from the adoption of the amendments recognized in earnings and disclosed on the date of adoption. The adoption of the ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

- 8 -

(Unaudited)

(2 - continued)

In March 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-02, *Investments – Equity Method and Joint Ventures (Topic 323): Accounting for Investments in Tax Credit Structures using the Proportional Amortization Method.* The ASU allows entities to elect to account for qualifying tax equity investments using the proportional amortization method, regardless of the program giving rise to the related income tax credits. Under the proportional amortization method, an entity amortizes the initial cost of the investment in proportion to the income tax credits and other income tax benefits received, and recognizes the net amortization and income tax credits and other income tax benefits in the income statement as a component of income tax expense. This also aligns the treatment of other tax equity investments with that allowed for low income housing tax credit ("LIHTC") investments. For public business entities, the ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted in any interim period. The Company already utilized the proportional amortization method for its LIHTC investment and early adopted ASU 2023-02 in conjunction with its initial investment in an investment tax credit producing solar property described in more detail in Note 6 – Renewable Energy Tax Credit Investment. The adoption of the ASU did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Recently Issued but Not Adopted Accounting Guidance

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting: Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, which requires public entities to disclose information about their reportable segments' significant expenses on an interim and annual basis. Public entities are required to disclose significant expense categories and amounts for each reportable segment. Significant expense categories are derived from expenses that are regularly reported to an entity's chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") and included in a segment's reported measures of profit or loss. Public entities are also required to disclose the title and position of the CODM and explain how the CODM uses the reported measures of profit or loss to assess segment performance. The ASU requires interim disclosures of certain segment-related disclosures that previously were only required annually. The ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted and the ASU should be applied prospectively. The adoption of the ASU is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*. Among other things, the ASU requires that public business entities on an annual basis (1) disclose specific categories in the income tax rate reconciliation and (2) provide additional information for reconciling items that meet a quantitative threshold (if the effect of those reconciling items is equal to or greater than five percent of the amount computed by multiplying pretax income (or loss) by the applicable statutory income tax rate). In addition, the ASU requires information pertaining to taxes paid (net of refunds received) to be disaggregated for federal, state, and foreign taxes and further disaggregated for specific jurisdictions to the extent the related amounts are equal to or greater than five percent of total income taxes paid (net of refunds received). For public business entities, the ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The adoption of the ASU is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

The Company has determined that all other recently issued accounting pronouncements will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements or do not apply to its operations.

- 9 -

(Unaudited)

3. Investment Securities

Investment securities have been classified in the consolidated balance sheets according to management's intent. Investment securities at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 are summarized as follows:

(In thousands)	А	mortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	realized U		Gross Unrealized Losses		Fair Value
March 31, 2024								
Securities available for sale:								
Agency mortgage-backed securities	\$	77,981	\$ -	\$	9,511	\$ 68,470		
Agency CMO		48,276	54		613	47,717		
Other debt securities:								
Agency notes and bonds		135,931	7		8,671	127,267		
Treasury notes and bonds		59,756	-		1,394	58,362		
Municipal obligations		139,551	208		13,431	126,328		
Total securities available for sale	\$	461,495	\$ 269	\$	33,620	\$ 428,144		
Securities held to maturity:								
Other debt securities:								
Corporate notes	\$	7,000	\$ -	\$	2,595	\$ 4,405		
Total securities held to maturity	<u>\$</u>	7,000	\$ -	\$	2,595	\$ 4,405		
December 31, 2023								
Securities available for sale:								
Agency mortgage-backed securities	\$	81,166	\$ -	\$	9,122	\$ 72,044		
Agency CMO		25,402	94		323	25,173		
Other debt securities:		,				,		
Agency notes and bonds		138,174	38		8,707	129,505		
Treasury notes and bonds		64,758	-		1,674	63,084		
Municipal obligations		159,049	655		12,239	147,465		
Total securities available for sale	<u>\$</u>	468,549	\$ 787	\$	32,065	\$ 437,271		
Securities held to maturity:								
Other debt securities:								
Corporate notes	\$	7,000	\$ -	\$	2,554	\$ 4,446		
Total securities held to maturity	\$	7,000	\$ -	\$	2,554	\$ 4,446		
Total socurnos nota to maturity		.,			,	, ,		

Agency notes and bonds, agency mortgage-backed securities and agency collateralized mortgage obligations ("CMO") include securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association ("GNMA"), a U.S. government agency, and the Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA"), the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC"), the Federal Farm Credit Bank ("FFCB") and the Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB"), which are government-sponsored enterprises. Corporate notes classified as held to maturity include subordinated debt obligations issued by other bank holding companies.

- 10 -

(Unaudited)

(3 - continued)

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities as of March 31, 2024, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities of mortgage-backed securities and CMO may differ from contractual maturities because the mortgages underlying the obligations may be prepaid without penalty.

		Securities Available for Sale				Securities Hel	d to	Maturity
	I	Amortized Cost		Fair Value		Amortized Cost		Fair Value
(In thousands)								
Due in one year or less	\$	67,535	\$	65,951	\$	-	\$	-
Due after one year through five								
years		149,731		140,052		-		-
Due after five years through								
ten years		41,277		38,658		2,000		1,270
Due after ten years		76,695		67,296		5,000		3,135
		335,238		311,957		7,000		4,405
Mortgage-backed securities and								
СМО		126,257		116,187		-		-
	\$	461,495	\$	428,144	\$	7,000	\$	4,405

Information pertaining to investment securities with gross unrealized losses at March 31, 2024, aggregated by investment category and the length of time that individual investment securities have been in a continuous loss position, follows.

Number of Investment Positions		Fair Value		Gross Unrealized Losses
				200505
12	\$	29.646	\$	256
6	+	,	-	47
80				2,603
98		67,431		2,906
95		68 470		9,511
				357
52		,		8,624
20				1,394
129		77,625		10,828
318		330,259		30,714
416	\$	397,690	\$	33,620
4	\$	4,405	\$	2,595
4		4,405	_	2,595
4	\$	4,405	\$	2,595
	Investment Positions 12 6 80 98 95 22 52 20 129 318 416 4 4	Investment Positions 12 \$ 6 80 98 98 95 22 52 20 129 318 416 \$ 416 \$	Investment Positions Fair Value 12 \$ 29,646 6 4,586 80 33,199 98 67,431 95 68,470 22 4,675 52 121,127 20 58,362 129 77,625 318 330,259 416 \$ 397,690 4 \$ 4,405 4 \$ 4,405	Investment Positions Fair Value 12 \$ 29,646 \$ 6 4,586 \$ 80 33,199 \$ 98 67,431 \$ 95 68,470 \$ 22 4,675 \$ 52 121,127 \$ 20 \$8,362 \$ 129 77,625 \$ 318 330,259 \$ 416 \$ 397,690 \$ 4 \$ 4,405 \$

(Unaudited)

(3 - continued)

Information pertaining to investment securities with gross unrealized losses at December 31, 2023, aggregated by investment category and the length of time that individual investment securities have been in a continuous position, follows.

December 31, 2023:			
Securities available for sale:			
Continuous loss position less than twelve months:			
Agency CMO	3	\$ 8,019	\$ 30
Agency notes and bonds	3	2,754	12
Muncipal obligations	74	32,124	2,405
Total less than twelve months	80	42,897	 2,447
Continuous loss position more than twelve months:			
Agency mortgage-backed securities	96	72,044	9,122
Agency CMO	22	4,998	293
Agency notes and bonds	52	123,416	8,695
Treasury notes and bonds	21	63,084	1,674
Muncipal obligations	130	79,643	9,834
Total more than twelve months	321	343,185	 29,618
Total securities available for sale	401	\$ 386,082	\$ 32,065
Securities held to maturity:			
Continuous loss position more than twelve months:			
Corporate notes	4	\$ 4,446	\$ 2,554
Total more than twelve months	4	 4,446	 2,554
Total securities held to maturity	4	\$ 4,446	\$ 2,554

The Company has not identified any specific available for sale securities in a loss position that it intends to sell in the near term and does not believe that it will be required to sell any such securities. The Company reviews its securities on a quarterly basis to assess declines in fair value for credit losses. Consideration is given to such factors as the credit rating of the borrower, market conditions such as current interest rates, any adverse conditions specific to the security, and delinquency status on contractual payments. At March 31, 2024, management concluded that in all instances, securities with fair values less than carrying value were due to fluctuations in interest rates and other factors; thus, no credit loss provision was required.

In addition, management assesses held to maturity securities for credit losses on a quarterly basis. The assessment includes review of performance metrics, identification of delinquency and evaluation of market factors. Based on this analysis, management concludes the decline in fair value is due to changes in interest rates and other market factors. Accordingly, no credit loss provision was recorded in earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

- 12 -

(Unaudited)

(3 - continued)

At March 31, 2024, the municipal obligations and U.S. government agency debt securities, including Treasury notes and bonds, agency notes and bonds, mortgage-backed securities and CMOs classified as available for sale and in a loss position had depreciated approximately 7.8% from the amortized cost basis. All of the U.S. government agency securities and municipal obligations are issued by U.S. government agencies, government-sponsored enterprises and municipal governments, or are secured by first mortgage loans and municipal project revenues. At March 31, 2024, the corporate notes classified as held to maturity in a loss position had depreciated approximately 37.1% from the amortized cost basis. These unrealized losses related principally to current interest rates for similar types of securities. In analyzing an issuer's financial condition, management considers whether the securities are issued by the federal government, its agencies or other governments, whether downgrades by bond rating agencies have occurred, and the results of reviews of the issuer's financial condition. As the Company has the ability to hold the debt securities until maturity, or the foreseeable future if classified as available for sale, no credit loss is deemed to exist.

As of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company estimated expected credit losses to be immaterial based on the composition of the held to maturity securities portfolio.

While management does not anticipate any credit losses at March 31, 2024, additional deterioration in market and economic conditions may have an adverse impact on credit quality in the future.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company recognized gross gains of \$133,000 and gross losses of \$101,000 on sales of available for sale securities. There were no sales of available for sale securities during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, there were no holdings of securities of any one issuer, other than the U.S. Government and its agencies, with an aggregate book value greater that 10% of stockholders' equity.

Accrued interest receivable on available for sale debt securities totaled \$2.0 million and \$2.4 million at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, and was reported in accrued interest receivable on the consolidated balance sheets and is excluded from the estimate of credit losses.

Accrued interest receivable on held to maturity debt securities totaled \$18,000 at both March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, and was reported in accrued interest receivable on the consolidated balance sheets and is excluded from the estimate of credit losses.

Equity Securities

In September 2018, the Company acquired 90,000 shares of common stock in another bank holding company, representing approximately 5% of the outstanding common stock of the entity, for a total investment of \$1.9 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company recognized an unrealized loss of \$68,000 on this equity investment. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company recognized an unrealized gain of \$137,000 on this equity investment. At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the equity investment had a fair value of \$1.2 million and \$1.3 million, respectively, and is included in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets.

- 13 -

(Unaudited)

(3 - continued)

In October 2021, the Company entered into an agreement to invest in a bank technology fund through a limited partnership. At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company's investment in the limited partnership was \$1.0 million and is reflected in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets. The unfunded commitment related to the limited partnership investment at both March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was \$530,000, and is reflected in other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. The Company expects to fulfill the commitment as capital calls are made through 2026. The investment is accounted for as an equity security without a readily determinable fair value, and has been recorded at cost, less any impairment, and adjustments resulting from observable price changes. There were no impairments or adjustments on equity securities without readily determinable fair values during the three months ended March 31, 2024 or 2023.

4. Loans and Allowance for Credit Losses

Loans at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	 March 31, 2024	De	ecember 31, 2023
1-4 Family Residential Mortgage	\$ 133,409	\$	133,480
Home Equity and Second Mortgage	59,774		62,070
Multifamily Residential	43,616		39,963
1-4 Family Residential Construction	15,920		15,667
Other Construction, Development and Land	78,116		76,713
Commercial Real Estate	174,956		168,757
Commercial Business	67,666		68,223
Consumer and Other	55,020		56,373
Principal loan balance	628,477		621,246
Deferred loan origination fees and costs, net	1,130		1,168
Allowance for credit losses	 (8,230)		(8,005)
Loans, net	\$ 621,377	\$	614,409

The Allowance for Credit Losses ("ACL") on loans is measured on a collective (pooled) basis when similar risk characteristics exist. The Company's pools/segments are largely determined based on loan types as defined by Call Report instructions. The Company has identified and utilizes the following portfolio segments:

1-4 Family Residential Mortgage -1-4 Family Residential Mortgage loans are primarily secured by 1-4 family residences that are owneroccupied and serve as the primary residence of the borrower. In addition, the Company typically has a senior (1st lien) position securing the collateral of loans in this portfolio. Repayment of these loans is primarily dependent on the personal income of the borrowers, which can be impacted by unemployment levels in the market area due to economic conditions. Repayment may also be impacted by changes in residential property values.

- 14 -

(Unaudited)

(4 - continued)

Home Equity and Second Mortgage – Home Equity and Second Mortgage loans and lines of credit are primarily secured by 1-4 family residences that are owner-occupied and serve as the primary residence of the borrower. However, the Company typically has a junior lien position securing the collateral of loans in this portfolio. Repayment of these loans is primarily dependent on the personal income of the borrowers, which can be impacted by unemployment levels in the market area due to economic conditions. Repayment may also be impacted by changes in residential property values. While secured by collateral similar to that of the 1–4 Family Residential Mortgage loans, loans within this segment are considered to carry elevated risk due to the Company's junior lien position on the underlying collateral property.

Multi-family Residential – Multi-family Residential loans are primarily secured by properties such as apartment complexes and other multitenant properties within the Company's market area. In some situations, the collateral may reside outside of the Company's typical market area. Repayment of these loans is often dependent on the successful operation and management of the properties and collection of associated rents. Repayment of such loans may be affected by adverse conditions in the real estate market or the economy.

1-4 Family Residential Construction -1-4 Family Residential Construction loans are generally secured by 1-4 family residences that will be owner-occupied upon completion. Risks inherent in construction lending are related to the market value of the property held as collateral, the cost and timing of constructing or improving a property, movements in interest rates and the real estate market during the construction phase, and the ability of the borrower to obtain permanent financing. Repayment of these loans is primarily dependent on the personal income of the borrowers, which can be impacted by unemployment levels in the market area due to economic conditions. Repayment may also be impacted by changes in residential property values.

Other Construction, Development and Land – Other Construction, Development and Land loans include loans secured by multi-family properties, commercial projects, and vacant land. This portfolio includes both owner-occupied and speculative investment properties. Risks inherent in construction lending are related to the market value of the property held as collateral, the cost and timing of constructing or improving a property, the borrower's ability to use funds generated by a project to service a loan until a project is completed, movements in interest rates and the real estate market during the construction phase, and the ability of the borrower to obtain permanent financing.

Commercial Real Estate – Commercial Real Estate loans are comprised of loans secured by various types of collateral including warehouses, retail space, and mixed-use buildings, among others, located in the Company's primary lending area. Risks related to commercial real estate lending are related to the market value of the property taken as collateral, the underlying cash flows, and general economic condition of the local real estate market. Repayment of these loans is generally dependent on the ability of the borrower to attract tenants at lease rates that provide for adequate debt service and can be impacted by local economic conditions which impact vacancy rates. The Company generally obtains loan guarantees from financially capable parties for Commercial Real Estate loans. To a lesser degree, this segment also includes loans secured by farmland. The risks associated with loans secured by farmland are related to the market value of the property taken as collateral and the underlying cash flows from farming operations and general economic conditions.

- 15 -

(Unaudited)

(4 - continued)

Commercial Business – Commercial Business loans include lines of credit to businesses, term loans and letters of credit secured by business assets such as equipment, accounts receivable, inventory, or other assets excluding real estate. Loans in this portfolio may also be unsecured and are generally made to finance capital expenditures or fund operations. Commercial Business loans contain risks related to the value of the collateral securing the loan and the repayment is primarily dependent upon the financial success and viability of the borrower. As with Commercial Real Estate loans, the Company generally obtains loan guarantees from financially capable parties for Commercial Business loans.

Consumer and Other Loans – Consumer and Other Loans consist mainly of loans secured by new and used automobiles and trucks, recreational vehicles such as boats and RVs, mobile homes and secured and unsecured loans to individuals. The risks associated with these loans are related to local economic conditions including the unemployment level. To a lesser degree, this segment also includes loans secured by lawn and farm equipment, well as farm output and loans secured by marketable securities. The risks associated with these loans are related to local economic conditions including the unemployment level, general economic conditions impacting crop prices, the supply chain and the fair value of the security collateral.

Loans that do not share risk characteristics are evaluated on an individual basis. In addition, loans evaluated individually are not included in the collective evaluation. When management determines that foreclosure is probable or the borrower is experiencing financial difficulty at the reporting date and repayment is expected to be provided substantially through the operation or sale of the collateral, expected credit losses are based on the fair value of the collateral at the reporting date adjusted for selling costs.

- 16 -

(Unaudited)

(4 - continued)

The following table provides the components of the Company's amortized cost basis in loans at March 31, 2024:

	Re	4 Family sidential lortgage	F S	Home Equity and Second ortgage	ultifamily esidential]	1-4 Family Residential Construction	D	Other onstruction, evelopment and Land a thousands)	ommercial Real Estate	ommercial Business	onsumer 1d Other	Total
<u>Amortized</u> <u>Cost Basis</u> <u>in Loans:</u>													
Principal loan balance	\$	133,409	\$	59,774	\$ 43,616	\$	15,920	\$	78,116	\$ 174,956	\$ 67,666	\$ 55,020	\$628,477
Net deferred loan origination													
fees and costs		114		1,218	(16)		-		(37)	(139)	(10)	-	1,130
Amortized cost basis in loans	\$	133,523	\$	60,992	\$ 43,600	\$	15,920	\$	78,079	\$ 174,817	\$ 67,656	\$ 55,020	\$629,607

The following table provides the components of the Company's amortized cost basis in loans at December 31, 2023:

Re	sidential	l S	Equity and Second		•]	Residential	D	evelopment and Land			(Commercial Business	-		Total
\$	133,480	\$	62,070	\$	39,963	\$	15,667	\$	76,713	\$	5 168,757	\$	68,223	\$	56,373	\$621,246
	,		- ,				- ,								,- · -	
	121		1,231		(17)		-		(44)		(112)		(11)		-	1,168
\$	133,601	\$	63,301	\$	39,946	\$	15,667	\$	76,669	\$	6 168,645	\$	68,212	\$	56,373	\$622,414
	Re M	\$ 133,480 121	I 1-4 Family Residential S Mortgage M \$ 133,480 \$	Residential MortgageSecond Mortgage\$ 133,480\$ 62,0701211,231	Equity and Residential Second Mu Mortgage Mortgage Re \$ 133,480 \$ 62,070 \$ 121 1,231	Equity and Residential Equity and Second Multifamily Mortgage \$ 133,480 \$ 62,070 \$ 39,963 121 1,231 (17)	Equity and Residential Equity and Mortgage Multifamily Residential \$ 133,480 \$ 62,070 \$ 39,963 \$ 121 1,231 (17)	Equity and Mortgage1-4 Family Residential MortgageMortgageMultifamily Residential Construction\$ 133,480\$ 62,070\$ 39,963\$ 15,6671211,231(17)-	Equity and Residential Mortgage I-4 Family Mortgage C Residential Construction \$ 133,480 \$ 62,070 \$ 39,963 \$ 15,667 \$ 121 1,231 (17) -	Equity and ResidentialI-4 Family ResidentialOther Construction, Development and Land (In thousands)\$ 133,480\$ 62,070\$ 39,963\$ 15,667\$ 76,7131211,231(17)- (44)	Equity and Residential Mortgage Equity and Mortgage I-4 Family Residential Construction Other Construction, and Land (In thousands) \$ 133,480 \$ 62,070 \$ 39,963 \$ 15,667 \$ 76,713 \$ 121 1,231 (17) - (44)	Equity and Residential MortgageI-4 Family Residential Construction Construction Construction (In thousands)Other Construction and Land (In thousands)Commercial Real Estate\$ 133,480\$ 62,070\$ 39,963\$ 15,667\$ 76,713\$ 168,7571211,231(17)-(44)(112)	Equity and ResidentialOther Construction, DevelopmentCommercial Real EstateMortgageMortgageResidentialConstruction ConstructionDevelopment and Land (In thousands)Commercial Real EstateCommercial Construction\$ 133,480\$ 62,070\$ 39,963\$ 15,667\$ 76,713\$ 168,757\$1211,231(17)-(44)(112)	Equity and ResidentialI-4 Family ConstructionOther Construction, Development and Land (In thousands)Commercial Real EstateCommercial Business\$ 133,480\$ 62,070\$ 39,963\$ 15,667\$ 76,713\$ 168,757\$ 68,2231211,231(17)-(44)(112)(11)	Equity and MortgageI-4 Family MortgageOther Construction ConstructionCommercial MesidentialCommercial Construction and Land (In thousands)Commercial Real EstateCommercial BusinessCommercial and Business\$ 133,480\$ 62,070\$ 39,963\$ 15,667\$ 76,713\$ 168,757\$ 68,223\$1211,231(17)-(44)(112)(11)	L4 Family Residential MortgageEquity and Second MortgageMultifamily Residential Construction Construction Construction Construction (In thousands)Commercial Real EstateCommercial BusinessConsumer and Other\$ 133,480\$ 62,070\$ 39,963\$ 15,667\$ 76,713\$ 168,757\$ 68,223\$ 56,3731211,231(17)-(44)(112)(11)-

- 17 -

(Unaudited)

(4 - continued)

An analysis of the changes in the ACL on loans for the three months ended March 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Resi	Family dential rtgage	E Se	lome quity and econd ortgage	Multifamily Residential	R	-4 Family Residential onstruction (I	De f	Other onstruction, evelopment and Land ousands)	ommercial Real Estate		 sumer Other	Total
ACL on													
Loans:													
Beginning balance,	\$	1,490	\$	406	\$ 332	\$	208	\$	804	\$ 2,119	\$ 1,431	\$ 1.215	\$8,005
Provision for credit		,								, -	, -	, -	, ,,
losses		(152)		35	91		(16)		7	634	(129)	(190)	
Charge-offs		(1)		-	-		-		-	-	-	(99)	(100)
Recoveries		1		3	-		-		-	1	-	40	45
Ending balance	\$	1,338	\$	444	\$ 423	\$	192	\$	811	\$ 2,754	\$ 1,302	\$ 966	\$8,230

An analysis of the changes in the ACL on loans for the three months ended March 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Resi	Family dential rtgage	E	lome quity and econd ortgage	Multifamily Residential	R	-4 Family esidential nstruction (1	Othe Construct Develop and La In thousand	ction, ment and		ommercial eal Estate		nmercial usiness	Consu and C		Total
ACL on Loans:																
Beginning balance,																
prior to adoption of ASC 326	\$	1,036	¢	531	\$ 244	5\$	206	¢	587	¢	2,029	\$	1,156	¢	991	\$6,772
Impact of adopting ASC 326	Φ	423	ф.	(26)	¢ 540		(9)		13	φ	(130)	Ţ	(142)	Þ	435	561
Provision for credit									(111)							102
losses Charge-offs		(43) (2)		(139)	38	-	(10)		(111) -		291		220 (155)		(53) (118)	(275)
Recoveries		-		-		-	-		-		-		5		67	72
Ending balance	\$	1,414	\$	366	\$ 38	\$	187	\$	489	\$	2,190	\$	1,084	\$	1,212	\$7,323

Accrued interest on loans of \$2.4 million and \$2.3 million at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, is included in accrued interest receivable on the consolidated balance sheets and is excluded from the estimate of credit losses.

(Unaudited)

(4 - continued)

The Company utilizes a combination of the Open Pool/Snapshot and Weighted Average Remaining Maturity ("WARM") methods in determining expected future credit losses. The Open Pool/Snapshot method takes a snapshot of a loan portfolio at a point in time in history and tracks that loan portfolio's performance in the subsequent periods until its ultimate disposition. The WARM method uses average annual charge-off rates and the remaining life of the loan to estimate the ACL. For the Company's loan portfolios, the remaining contractual life for each loan is adjusted by the expected scheduled payments and estimated prepayments. The average annual charge-off rate is applied to the amortization adjusted remaining life of the loan to determine the unadjusted lifetime historical charge-off rate. The Company's expected loss estimate is anchored in historical credit loss experience, with an emphasis on all available portfolio data. The Company's historical look-back periods for the loan portfolio range from one to 10 years depending on the WARM of the given portfolio segment and are updated on a quarterly basis.

The Company estimates the ACL on loans using relevant available information from internal and external sources relating to past events, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Reasonable and supportable forecasts typically utilize a 12-month period with immediate reversion to historical losses. Historical loss experience provides the basis for the estimation of expected credit losses. Qualitative adjustments to historical loss information are made for losses reflected by peers, changes in underwriting standards, changes in economic conditions, changes in delinquency levels, collateral values and other factors.

Qualitative adjustments reflect management's overall estimate of the extent to which current expected credit losses on collectively evaluated loans will differ from historical loss experience. The analysis takes into consideration industry and collateral concentrations, acquired loan portfolio characteristics and other credit-related analytics as deemed appropriate.

Management exercises significant judgment in evaluating the relevant historical loss experience and the qualitative factors. Management also monitors the differences between estimated and actual incurred loan losses in order to evaluate the effectiveness of the estimation process and make any changes in the methodology as necessary.

- 19 -

(Unaudited)

(4 – continued)

Collateral dependent loans are loans for which the repayment is expected to be provided substantially through the operation or sale of the collateral and the borrower is experiencing financial difficulty. There have been no significant changes to the types of collateral securing the Company's collateral dependent loans. The following table presents the amortized cost basis of, and ACL allocation to, individually evaluated collateral-dependent loans by class of loans as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

			Ma	rch 31, 202	4					De	ecember 31	, 2023	
	Real Estate	Equipment	(In	Other <i>thousands)</i>		Total	A	ACL Allocation	 Real Estate		Other (In thousan	Total nds)	ACL Allocation
00	\$ 1,506	\$-	\$	-	\$	1,506	\$	-	\$ 1,651	\$	-	\$1,651	\$ 9
Home Equity and Second Mortgage	540	-		-		540		-	548		-	548	-
Multifamily Residential	-	-		-		-		-	-		-	-	-
1-4 Family Residential Construction	86	-		-		86		49	87		-	87	60
Other Construction, Development													
and Land	54	-		-		54		-	54		-	54	-
Commercial Real Estate	2,632	-		-		2,632		-	1,055		-	1,055	-
Commercial Business	-	2,029		146		2,175		-	-		38	38	-
Consumer and Other	 -			-		-		-	 -		-		
	\$ 4,818	\$ 2,029	\$	146	\$	6,993	\$	49	\$ 3,395	\$	38	\$3,433	\$ 69

- 20 -

(Unaudited)

(4 – continued)

Nonperforming loans consists of nonaccrual loans and loans past due and still accruing interest. The following table presents the amortized cost basis of loans on nonaccrual status and loans 90 days or more past due still accruing as of March 31, 2024:

]	naccrual Loans No ACL	 onaccrual Loans h An ACL	Total onaccrual thousands)	Loans 90+ Days Past Due Still Accruing	No	Total nperforming Loans
1-4 Family Residential Mortgage	\$	1,094	\$ -	\$ 1,094	\$-	\$	1,094
Home Equity and Second Mortgage		446	-	446	-		446
Multifamily Residential		-	-	-	-		-
1-4 Family Residential Construction		-	86	86	-		86
Other Construction, Development and							
Land		54	-	54	-		54
Commercial Real Estate		-	-	-	-		-
Commercial Business		-	-	-	-		-
Consumer and Other		-	-	-	-		-
Total	\$	1,594	\$ 86	\$ 1,680	\$-	\$	1,680

The following table presents the amortized cost basis of loans on nonaccrual status and loans 90 days or more past due still accruing as of December 31, 2023:

I	loans	I	Loans	No	naccrual	Past D	ue	Nonp	Total berforming Loans
\$	1,120	\$	36	\$	1,156	\$	-	\$	1,156
	454		-		454		-		454
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		87		87		-		87
	54		-		54		-		54
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
\$	1,628	\$	123	\$	1,751	\$	-	\$	1,751
	I with	454 - - 54 - -	Loans I with No ACL with \$ 1,120 \$ 454 - - 54 - -	Loans with No ACL Loans with An ACL \$ 1,120 \$ 36 454 - - - 54 - 54 - - 87 54 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Loans with No ACLLoans with An ACLNor (In the (In the 1	Loans with No ACL Loans with An ACL Total Nonaccrual (In thousands) \$ 1,120 \$ 36 \$ 1,156 454 - 454 - - 454 - 87 87 54 - 54 - 87 87 54 - - - 87 54 - - - - - -	Loans with No ACLLoans with An ACLTotal Nonaccrual (In thousands)Past D Still Acc\$ 1,120\$ 36\$ 1,156\$454-454878754-54	Loans with No ACLLoans with An ACLTotal Nonaccrual (In thousands)Past Due Still Accruing\$ 1,120\$ 36\$ 1,156\$ -454-45454-54	Loans with No ACLLoans with An ACLTotal Nonaccrual (In thousands)Past Due Still AccruingNong Still Accruing\$ 1,120\$ 36\$ 1,156\$ -\$454-454-\$\$-878754-54

- 21 -

(Unaudited)

(4 - continued)

No interest income was recognized on nonaccrual loans during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

The following table presents the aging of the amortized cost basis in loans at March 31, 2024:

		(A. AA. D.	90 Days or					T (1
	0-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	More Past Due		Total Past Due	Current		Total Loans
			(In thou	sa	nas)			
1-4 Family								
Residential								
Mortgage	\$ 2,024	\$ 467	\$ 696	\$	5 3,187	\$ 130,336	\$	133,523
Home Equity and								
Second Mortgage	321	24	-		345	60,647		60,992
Multifamily								
Residential	-	-	-		-	43,600		43,600
1-4 Family								
Residential								
Construction	-	86	-		86	15,834		15,920
Other Construction,								
Development and								
Land	140	-	54		194	77,885		78,079
Commercial Real								
Estate	1,145	-	-		1,145	173,672		174,817
Commercial Business	146	-	-		146	67,510		67,656
Consumer and Other	 186	45	-		231	54,789		55,020
							*	
Total	\$ 3,962	\$ 622	\$ 750	\$	5,334	\$ 624,273	\$	629,607

The following table presents the aging of the amortized cost basis in loans at December 31, 2023:

			90 Days or				
	0-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	More Past Due (In thou	sa	Total Past Due nds)	Current	Total Loans
1-4 Family Residential							
Mortgage	\$ 2,104	\$ 335	\$ 482	\$	5 2,921	\$ 130,680	\$ 133,601
Home Equity and Second Mortgage	396	70	-		466	62,835	63,301
Multifamily Residential	-	-	-		-	39,946	39,946
1-4 Family Residential							
Construction	-	-	-		-	15,667	15,667
Other Construction, Development and							
Land	162	-	54		216	76,453	76,669
Commercial Real							
Estate	834	-	-		834	167,811	168,645
Commercial Business	-	-	-		-	68,212	68,212
Consumer and Other	 302	51	-		353	56,020	56,373
Total	\$ 3,798	\$ 456	\$ 536	\$	4,790	\$ 617,624	\$ 622,414

(Unaudited)

(4 - continued)

Occasionally, the Company modifies loans to borrowers in financial distress by providing principal forgiveness, a term extension, an other-thaninsignificant payment delay or an interest rate reduction. When principal forgiveness is provided, the amount of forgiveness is charged-off against the ACL on loans. In some cases, the Company may provide multiple types of concessions on one loan. Typically, one type of concession, such as a term extension, is granted initially. If the borrower continues to experience financial difficulty, another concession, such as principal forgiveness, may be granted.

During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company modified Commercial Business loans with an amortized cost basis of \$2.0 million, or approximately 3% of the amortized cost of all Commercial Business loans, for which the borrowers were experiencing financial distress. The modification for each loan was the granting of a three-month, interest only payment period with an additional three months added to the original term of the loans. No principal was forgiven, no payments were delayed, and no interest rates were reduced for the modified loans. The Company monitors the performance of modified loans and none of the modified loans were delinquent at March 31, 2024. There were no modifications to borrowers in financial distress during the three months ended March 31, 2023. There were no loans to borrowers experiencing financial distress that were modified during the previous 12 months and which subsequently defaulted during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023. There were no unfunded commitments associated with loans modified for borrowers experiencing financial distress as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Credit Quality Indicators

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt such as: current financial information, public information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company classifies loans based on credit risk at least quarterly. The Company uses the following regulatory definitions for risk ratings:

Special Mention: Loans classified as special mention have a potential weakness that deserves management's close attention. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or of the institution's credit position at some future date.

Substandard: Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful: Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions, and values, highly questionable and improbable.

Loss: Loans classified as loss are considered uncollectible and of such little value that their continuance on the institution's books as an asset is not warranted.

Loans not meeting the criteria above that are analyzed individually as part of the described process are considered to be pass rated loans.



(Unaudited)

(4 – continued)

Based on the analysis performed at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the risk category of loans by class of loans is as follows:

March 31, 2024:						2022		2021		2020		Prior	10	evolving		Total
								(In the	near	nds)						
1-4 Family								(111 1110	usur	ius)						
Residential																
Mortgage	¢	4.500	¢	22.042	¢	20.054	¢	24.057	¢	((75	¢	21.576	¢		¢	121 (0)
Pass Special	\$	4,599	\$	33,843	\$	29,954	\$	24,957	\$	6,675	\$	31,576	\$	-	\$	131,604
Special Mention		-		-		-		-		-		335		-		33
Substandard		-		-		-		-		74		416		-		49
Doubtful		-		-		46		159		77		812		-		1,094
	\$	4,599	\$	33,843	\$	30,000	\$	25,116	\$	6,826	\$	33,139	\$	-	\$	133,52
Current																
Current period																
gross write-offs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	\$	-	\$	
Home Equity																
and Second																
Mortgage																
Pass	\$	608	\$	5,073	\$	4,172	\$	485	\$	214	\$	421	\$	49,418	\$	60,39
Special																
Mention		-		-		-		-		-		-		61		6
Substandard		-		-		-		-		-		-		94		9
Doubtful		-	<i></i>	-		-	<i>ф</i>	-	^	-	^	446	^	-	<i></i>	44
	\$	608	\$	5,073	\$	4,172	\$	485	\$	214	\$	867	\$	49,573	\$	60,99
Current																
period																
gross																
write-offs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Multifamily Residential																
Pass	\$	-	\$	3,359	\$	13,373	\$	12,660	\$	7,878	\$	6,330	\$	-	\$	43,60
Special	Ψ		Ψ	5,557	Ψ	15,575	Ψ	12,000	Ψ	7,070	Ψ	0,550	Ψ		Ψ	15,00
Mention		-		_		-		-		-		_		-		
Substandard		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Doubtful		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	\$	-	\$	3,359	\$	13,373	\$	12,660	\$	7,878	\$	6,330	\$	-	\$	43,60
Current																
period gross																
write-offs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

(Unaudited)

(4 – continued)

			Те	rm Loans	Am	ortized Co	st B	asis by Or	igina	ation Year						
	2	2024		2023		2022		2021	8	2020		Prior	R	evolving		Total
March 31, 2024:								(In th	ousa	unds)				-		
1-4 Family																
Residential																
Construction																
Pass	\$	1,352	\$	8,733	\$	3,671	\$	631	\$	292	\$	1,155	\$	-	\$	15,834
Special Mention		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Substandard		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Doubtful		-		-		-		86		-		-		-		86
	\$	1,352	\$	8,733	\$	3,671	\$	717	\$	292	\$	1,155	\$	-	\$	15,920
Current period gross write- offs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Other																
Construction, Development and Land																
Pass	\$	1,882	\$	31,037	\$	34,947	\$	3,900	\$	2,355	\$	3,856	\$	-	\$	77,977
Special Mention		-		-		-		-		-		48		-		48
Substandard		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Doubtful		-	¢	-	¢	-	¢	-	Φ.	-		54		-	¢	54
	\$	1,882	\$	31,037	\$	34,947	\$	3,900	\$	2,355	\$	3,958	\$	-	\$	78,079
Current period gross write-																
offs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Commercial Real Estate																
Pass	\$	8,022	\$	17,337	\$	40,382	\$	28,846	\$	19,189	\$	52,967	\$	826	\$	167,569
Special Mention		- ,-		98		- ,		- ,		1,610		2,659		250		4,617
Substandard		312		719		-		568		218		814		-		2,631
Doubtful		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	\$	8,334	\$	18,154	\$	40,382	\$	29,414	\$	21,017	\$	56,440	\$	1,076	\$	174,817
Current period gross write- offs	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Commercial Business																
Pass	\$	2,798	\$	14,531	\$	12,190	\$	10,301	\$	5,481	\$	8,443	\$	11,055	\$	64,799
Special Mention		41		65		87		98		48		158		185		682
Substandard		41		109		2,029		98		48		37		185		2,175
Doubtful		-		-		2,027		-		-		-		-		2,175
2 Cabitai	\$	2,839	\$	14,705	\$	14,306	\$	10,399	\$	5,529	\$	8,638	\$	11,240	\$	67,656
Current period																
gross write-																
offs	\$		\$		¢		¢								¢	
ons	Ф	-	Ф	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

(Unaudited)

(4 – continued)

		Т	erm Loans	Am	ortized Co	st B	asis by Ori	gina	tion Year				
	 2024		2023		2022		2021		2020	Prior	R	levolving	Total
March 31, 2024:							(In the	ousa	nds)				
Consumer													
and Other													
Pass	\$ 5,509	\$	20,973	\$	12,212	\$	6,466	\$	2,003	\$ 5,558	\$	2,221	\$ 54,942
Special Mention	-		-		-		-		-	-		-	-
Substandard	-		-		-		-		-	-		78	78
Doubtful	-		-		-		-		-	-		-	-
	\$ 5,509	\$	20,973	\$	12,212	\$	6,466	\$	2,003	\$ 5,558	\$	2,299	\$ 55,020
Current period gross													
write-offs	\$ -	\$	21	\$	43	\$	15	\$	4	\$ 2	\$	14	\$ 99
Total Loans													
Pass	\$ 24,770	\$	134,886	\$	150,901	\$	88,246	\$	44,087	\$ 110,306	\$	63,520	\$ 616,716
Special													
Mention	41		163		87		98		1,658	3,200		496	5,743
Substandard	312		828		2,029		568		292	1,267		172	5,468
Doubtful	 -		-		46		245		77	1,312		-	1,680
	\$ 25,123	\$	135,877	\$	153,063	\$	89,157	\$	46,114	\$ 116,085	\$	64,188	\$ 629,607
Current period gross													
write-offs	\$ -	\$	21	\$	43	\$	15	\$	4	\$ 3	\$	14	\$ 100

- 26 -

(Unaudited)

(4 – continued)

		Term Loans Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year														
		2023		2022		2021		2020	~	2019		Prior	R	evolving		Total
December 31, 2023:								(In the	ousc	unds)						
1-4 Family Residential Mortgage																
Pass	\$	34,344	\$	31,551	\$	25,846	\$	6,913	\$	9,525	\$	23,628	\$	-	\$	131,807
Special																
Mention		-		-		-		-		-		144		-		144
Substandard		-		-		-		75		265		155		-		495
Doubtful	¢	-	¢	48	¢	192	¢	78	¢	-	¢	837	¢	-	¢	1,155
	\$	34,344	\$	31,599	\$	26,038	\$	7,066	\$	9,790	\$	24,764	\$	-	\$	133,601
Home Equity and Second Mortgage																
Pass	\$	5,267	\$	4,380	\$	529	\$	232	\$	163	\$	327	\$	51,794	\$	62,692
Special Mention		-		-		_		-		_		_		61		61
Substandard		-		-		-		-		-		-		94		94
Doubtful		-		-		-		-		264		190		-		454
	\$	5,267	\$	4,380	\$	529	\$	232	\$	427	\$	517	\$	51,949	\$	63,301
Multifamily																
Multifamily Residential																
Pass	\$	3,374	\$	10,495	\$	9,534	\$	7,943	\$	4,137	\$	4,463	\$	-	\$	39,946
Special Mention		_		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Substandard		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Doubtful		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	\$	3,374	\$	10,495	\$	9,534	\$	7,943	\$	4,137	\$	4,463	\$	-	\$	39,946
1-4 Family Residential Construction																
Pass Special	\$	9,193	\$	4,180	\$	831	\$	1,119	\$	-	\$	257	\$	-	\$	15,580
Mention		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Substandard		-		-		- 87		-		-		-		-		- 87
Doubtful	\$	9,193	\$	4,180	\$	918	\$	1,119	\$	-	\$	257	\$	-	\$	15,667
Other Construction, Development and Land																
Pass	\$	26,717	\$	35,673	\$	7,495	\$	2,655	\$	1,231	\$	2,795	\$	-	\$	76,566
Special Mention		-		_		-		-		-		49		-		49
Substandard		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Doubtful	<u>_</u>	-	<i>c</i>	-	¢.	-	ć	-	ć	-	¢.	54	*	-	*	54
	\$	26,717	\$	35,673	\$	7,495	\$	2,655	\$	1,231	\$	2,898	\$	-	\$	76,669

(Unaudited)

(4 – continued)

	Term Loans Amortized Cost Basis by Origination Year															
		2023		2022	2 2021 2020 2019 Prior		Prior	Revolving			Total					
December 31,								<i>(</i> 7 1								
2023:								(In tho	usa	nds)						
Commercial																
Real Estate Pass	\$	14,818	\$	40,675	\$	29,656	\$	19,589	¢	18,231	\$	38,818	¢	1 755	\$	163,542
Special	Ф	14,010	Ф	40,075	Э	29,030	Ф	19,389	\$	18,231	Ф	30,010	\$	1,755	Э	105,542
Mention		823		-		573		1,622		417		62		550		4,047
Substandard		- 025		-		-		231		-		825		-		1,056
Doubtful		-		-		-		-		-				-		1,000
Doubliu	\$	15,641	\$	40,675	\$	30,229	\$	21,442	\$	18,648	\$	39,705	\$	2,305	\$	168,645
				,		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>				
Commercial																
Business																
Pass	\$	14,717	\$	12,603	\$	11,049	\$	5,706	\$	5,312	\$	3,646	\$	12,384	\$	65,417
Special																
Mention		208		2,097		106		48		160		-		138		2,757
Substandard		-		-		-		-		38		-		-		38
Doubtful		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	\$	14,925	\$	14,700	\$	11,155	\$	5,754	\$	5,510	\$	3,646	\$	12,522	\$	68,212
Consumer																
and Other																
Pass	\$	23,335	\$	13,906	\$	7,662	\$	2,604	\$	846	\$	5,446	\$	2,484	\$	56,283
Special																
Mention		-		-		-		-		-		-		- 90		- 90
Substandard Doubtful		-		-		-		-		-		-		90		90
Doubtiui	\$	23,335	\$	13,906	\$	7,662	\$	2,604	\$	846	\$	5,446	\$	2,574	\$	56,373
	φ	23,355	ψ	15,700	φ	7,002	ψ	2,004	ψ	0+0	ψ	5,440	φ	2,374	φ	50,575
Total Loans																
Pass	\$	131,765	\$	153,463	\$	92,602	\$	46,761	\$	39,445	\$	79,380	\$	68,417	\$	611,833
Special	Ψ	101,700	Ψ	100,100	Ψ	12,002	Ψ	10,701	Ψ	57,115	Ψ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ	00,117	Ψ	011,000
Mention		1,031		2,097		679		1,670		577		255		749		7,058
				,,				306		303		980		184		1,773
Substandard		-		-		-		500		505				101		
		-		48		279		78		264		1,081		-		1,750

- 28 -

(4 - continued)

The Company held no foreclosed real estate at either March 31, 2024 or December 31, 2023. At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the amortized cost basis in loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings are in process was \$2,000 and \$1,000, respectively.

ACL on Off-Balance-Sheet Credit Exposures

The Company estimates expected credit losses over the contractual period in which the Company is exposed to credit risk via a contractual obligation to extend credit, unless that obligation is unconditionally cancellable by the Company. The estimate includes consideration of the likelihood that funding will occur and an estimate of expected credit losses on commitments expected to be funded over its estimated life. The ACL for off-balance-sheet credit exposures was \$131,000 at both March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The ACL for off-balance-sheet credit exposures is presented in accrued expenses and other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. Changes in the ACL for off-balance-sheet credit exposures are reflected in the provision for credit losses on the consolidated statements of income. There were no changes to the ACL for off-balance-sheet credit exposures during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

5. Qualified Affordable Housing Project Investment

On January 19, 2018, the Bank entered into an agreement to invest in qualified affordable housing projects through a limited liability company. At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the balance of the Bank's investment was \$1.8 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, and is reflected in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets. The unfunded commitment related to the qualified affordable housing project investment was \$168,000 at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, and is reflected in other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. The Bank expects to fulfill the commitment as capital calls are made through 2029.

The investment is accounted for using the proportional amortization method. During the three month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Bank recognized amortization expense of \$72,000 and \$89,000, respectively, as a component of income tax expense on the consolidated statements of income. Additionally, during the three month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Bank recognized income tax credits and other income tax benefits from its qualified affordable housing project investment of \$102,000 and \$104,000, respectively, which was included in income tax expense on the consolidated statements of income.

- 29 -

(Unaudited)

6. Renewable Energy Tax Credit Investment

On April 17, 2024 and April 21, 2023, the Bank entered into agreements to invest in investment tax credits generated by a solar energy producing facilities through limited liability companies. At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the balance of the Bank's investments in the limited liability companies was \$1.8 million and \$306,000, respectively, and was reflected in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets. The unfunded commitment related to the solar energy tax credit investments was \$2.0 million at March 31, 2024 and is reflected in other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. The Bank expects to fulfill the commitment as capital calls are made by December 31, 2024. The Bank had fully funded its commitment in the solar energy tax credit investment at December 31, 2023.

The investment is accounted for using the proportional amortization method. During the three month period ended March 31, 2024, the Bank recognized amortization expense of \$505,000 as a component of income tax expense on the consolidated statements of income. Additionally, during the three month period ended March 31, 2024, the Bank recognized income tax credits and other income tax benefits from its solar energy tax credit investment of \$596,000, which was included in income tax expense on the consolidated statements of income.

7. Borrowed Funds

At March 31, 2024, the Company had \$33.6 million in borrowings outstanding under the Federal Reserve Bank's ("FRB") Bank Term Funding Program ("BTFP") and no outstanding advances from the FHLB. At December 31, 2023, the Company had \$21.5 million in borrowings outstanding under the FRB's BTFP and no outstanding advances from the FHLB. The Company had no borrowings during the three month period ended March 31, 2023.

On March 12, 2023, the FRB created the BTFP to make additional funding available to eligible depository institutions. The BTFP offers loans of up to one year in length to banks, savings associations, credit unions and other depository institutions which pledge collateral, such as U.S. Treasuries, U.S. agency notes and bonds and U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities. The collateral is valued at par, and advances under this program do not include any fees or prepayment penalties. In January 2024, the Company repaid all outstanding borrowings under the BTFP and advances from the FHLB and then borrowed \$33.6 million under the BTFP at a fixed rate of 4.85% for a one-year period. At March 31, 2024, the pledged securities had a par value of \$48.9 million and a carrying value of \$45.9 million. Effective March 11, 2024, the BTFP ceased making new loans.

FHLB advances are secured under a blanket collateral agreement. At March 31, 2024, the carrying value of U.S. Treasury notes and mortgage loans pledged as security for future FHLB advances was \$30.2 million and \$44.2 million, respectively. At March 31, 2024, the Company had a \$49.3 million borrowing capacity limit with the FHLB based on pledged collateral.

On February 28, 2024, the Bank entered into an Overdraft Line of Credit Agreement with the FHLB which established a line of credit not to exceed \$10.0 million secured under the blanket collateral agreement. This agreement expires on February 28, 2025. At March 31, 2024, there were no borrowings under the agreement.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2024, the Company utilized a series of short-term fixed-rate bullet and variable rate advances from the FHLB in order to meet daily liquidity requirements and to fund growth in earning assets. The fixed-rate bullet advances had an average term of seven days.

- 30 -

(Unaudited)

(7 - continued)

The following table sets forth information on the short-term FHLB advances and BTFP borrowings during the three month period ended March 31, 2024:

(Dollars in thousands)	
FHLB variable-rate advances	
Maximum balance at any month end	\$ -
Average balance	1,192
Period end balance	-
Weighted average interest rate (annualized):	
At end of period	0.00%
During the period	5.78%
FHLB fixed-rate bullet advances	
Maximum balance at any month end	\$ 13,000
Average balance	2,220
Period end balance	-
Weighted average interest rate (annualized):	
At end of period	0.00%
During the period	5.63%
BTFP borrowings:	
Maximum balance at any month end	\$ 33,625
Average balance	31,908
Period end balance	33,625
Weighted average interest rate (annualized):	
At end of period	4.85%
During the period	4.81%

- 31 -

8. Supplemental Disclosure for Earnings Per Share

		Three Months E				
In thousands, except per share data)		2024		2023		
sasic						
Earnings:						
Net income attributable to First Capital, Inc.	\$	2,952	\$	3,81		
Shares:						
Weighted average common						
shares outstanding		3,345,060		3,353,62		
Net income attributable to First Capital, Inc.						
per common share, basic	\$	0.88	\$	1.1		
Diluted						
Earnings:						
Net income attributable to First Capital, Inc.	<u>\$</u>	2,952	\$	3,81		
Shares:						
Weighted average common						
shares outstanding		3,345,060		3,353,62		
Add: Dilutive effect of restricted stock		-				
Weighted average common						
shares outstanding, as adjusted		3,345,060		3,353,62		
Net income attributable to First Capital, Inc.						
per common share, diluted	\$	0.88	\$	1.1		

Nonvested restricted stock shares are not considered as outstanding for purposes of computing weighted average common shares outstanding. Restricted shares totaling 8,750 were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share because their effect would be anti-dilutive for the three month period ended March 31, 2024. Restricted shares totaling 12,550 were excluded from the calculation of diluted net income per share because their effect would be anti-dilutive for the three month period ended March 31, 2024.

- 32 -

(Unaudited)

9. Stock-Based Compensation Plan

On May 20, 2009, the Company adopted the 2009 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2009 Plan") which terminated as of May 20, 2019. The 2009 Plan provided for the award of stock options, restricted stock, performance shares and stock appreciation rights. The aggregate number of shares of the Company's common stock available for issuance under the 2009 Plan could not exceed 223,000 shares and 176,150 shares were still available for issuance under the 2009 Plan at its termination.

On May 22, 2019, the Company adopted the 2019 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2019 Plan"). The 2019 Plan provides for the award of stock options, restricted stock, performance shares and stock appreciation rights. The aggregate number of shares of the Company's common stock available for issuance under the 2019 Plan may not exceed 176,150 shares. If an award under the 2009 Plan is canceled, terminates, expires, is forfeited or lapses for any reason, any issued shares subject to the award shall not be available for issuance pursuant to awards subsequently granted under the 2019 Plan. Further, no additional participants, as that term is defined in the 2009 Plan, are eligible for grants of awards under the 2009 Plan. The Company generally issues new shares under the 2019 Plan from its authorized but unissued shares.

At March 31, 2024, 159,650 shares of the Company's common stock were available for issuance under the 2019 Plan. The Company may grant both non-statutory and statutory stock options which may not have a term exceeding ten years. In the case of incentive stock options, the aggregate fair value of the stock (determined at the time the incentive stock option is granted) for which any optionee may be granted incentive options which are first exercisable during any calendar year shall not exceed \$100,000. Option prices may not be less than the fair market value of the underlying stock at the date of the grant. An award of a performance share is a grant of a right to receive shares of the Company's common stock which is contingent upon the achievement of specific performance criteria or other objectives set at the grant date. Stock appreciation rights are equity or cash settled share-based compensation arrangements whereby the number of shares that will ultimately be issued or the cash payment is based upon the appreciation of the Company's common stock. Awards granted under the 2019 Plan may be granted either alone, in addition to, or in tandem with, any other award granted under the 2019 Plan. The terms of the 2019 Plan also include provisions whereby all unearned options and restricted shares become immediately exercisable and fully vested upon a change in control.

As of March 31, 2024, no stock options had been granted under the Plans.

Compensation expense is measured based on the fair market value of the restricted stock at the grant date and is recognized ratably over the period during which the shares are earned (the vesting period). The Company accounts for any forfeitures when they occur, and any previously recognized compensation for an award is reversed in the period the award is forfeited. Compensation expense related to restricted stock recognized for the three month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 amounted to \$78,000 and \$84,000, respectively. The total income tax benefit related to stock-based compensation was \$18,000 and \$20,000, for the three month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

- 33 -

(Unaudited)

(9 - continued)

A summary of the Company's nonvested restricted shares under the Plan as of March 31, 2024 and changes during the three month period then ended is presented below.

	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value
Nonvested at beginning of year	5,600	\$ 63.60
Granted	3,150	28.00
Vested	-	-
Forfeited	-	-
Nonvested at end of year	8,750	\$ 50.78

There were no restricted shares that vested during the three month periods ended March 31, 2024 or 2023. At March 31, 2024, there was \$259,000 of unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested restricted shares. The compensation expense is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.4 years.

10. Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information

Three Months Ended N 2024		,		
	2024		2023	
\$	3,047	\$	900	
	-		-	
\$	2,000	\$	-	
	\$ \$	· · · · · · · ·	-	

11. Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements*, provides the framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under FASB ASC Topic 820 are described as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices, unadjusted, for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. A quoted market price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and shall be used to measure fair value whenever available.
- Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted market prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; or inputs that are derived principally from or can be corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.



(Unaudited)

(11 - continued)

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using discounted cash flow methodologies, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation.

A description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy, is set forth below. The table below presents the balances of assets measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The Company had no liabilities measured at fair value as of March 31, 2024 or December 31, 2023.

	Carrying Value									
(In thousands)	I	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total		
March 31, 2024										
Assets Measured on a Recurring Basis										
Securities available for sale:										
Agency mortgage-backed securities	\$	-	\$	68,470	\$	-	\$	68,470		
Agency CMO		-		47,717		-		47,71		
Agency notes and bonds		-		127,267		-		127,26		
Treasury notes and bonds		58,362		-		-		58,36		
Municipal obligations		-		126,328		-		126,32		
Total securities available for sale	\$	58,362	\$	369,782	\$	-	\$	428,14		
Equity securities	\$	1,193	\$	-	\$	-		1,193		
Assets Measured on a Nonrecurring Basis										
Collateral dependent loans:										
1-4 Family Residential Construction	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37	\$	3		
Total collateral dependent loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	37	\$	3		
December 31, 2023										
Assets Measured on a Recurring Basis										
Securities available for sale:										
Agency mortgage-backed securities	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	72,04		
Agency CMO		-		25,173		-		25,17		
Agency notes and bonds		-		129,505		-		129,50		
Treasury notes and bonds		63,084		-		-		63,084		
Municipal obligations		-		147,465		-		147,46		
Total securities available for sale	\$	63,084	\$	374,187	\$	-	\$	437,27		
Equity securities	\$	1,260	\$	-	\$	-		1,26		
Assets Measured on a Nonrecurring Basis										
Collateral dependent loans:										
1-4 Family Residential Mortgage	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27	\$	2		
1-4 Family Residential Construction		-		-		27		2		
Total collateral dependent loans	\$	-	\$	-	\$	54	\$	5		
	- 35 -	-								

(Unaudited)

(11 - continued)

Fair value is based upon quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair value is based on internally developed models or obtained from third parties that primarily use, as inputs, observable market-based parameters or a matrix pricing model that employs the Bond Market Association's standard calculations for cash flow and price/yield analysis and observable market-based parameters. Valuation adjustments may be made to ensure that financial instruments are recorded at fair value, or the lower of cost or fair value. These adjustments may include unobservable parameters. Any such valuation adjustments have been applied consistently over time. The Company's valuation methodologies may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. While management believes the Company's valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different estimate of fair value at the reporting date.

Securities Available for Sale and Equity Securities. Securities classified as available for sale and equity securities are reported at fair value on a recurring basis. These securities are classified as Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy where quoted market prices from reputable third-party brokers are available in an active market. If quoted market prices are not available, the Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service. These securities are reported using Level 2 inputs and the fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes, market spreads, cash flows, U.S. government and agency yield curves, live trading levels, trade execution data, market consensus prepayment speeds, credit information, and the security's terms and conditions, among other factors. For securities where quoted market prices, market prices of similar securities or prices from an independent third-party pricing service are not available, fair values are calculated using discounted cash flows or other market indicators and are classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Changes in fair value of securities available for sale are recorded in other comprehensive income, net of income tax effect. Changes in fair value of equity securities are recorded in noninterest income on the consolidated statements of income.

Loans Held for Sale. Loans held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or market value. The portfolio is comprised of residential real estate loans and fair value is estimated based on specific prices of underlying contracts for sales to investors. These measurements are carried at Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy. At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company did not have any loans held for sale measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

Collateral Dependent Loans. Collateral dependent loans are reviewed and evaluated on at least a quarterly basis for additional impairment and adjusted accordingly. In accordance with accounting standards, only collateral dependent loans for which a specific ACL has been established require classification in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of collateral dependent loans is classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

Collateral dependent loans with specific allocations of ACL are measured at the fair value of the collateral less estimated costs to sell. Collateral may be real estate and/or business assets, including equipment, inventory and/or accounts receivable. The fair value of the collateral is generally determined based on real estate appraisals or other independent evaluations by qualified professionals, which are then discounted to reflect management's estimate of the fair value of the collateral given the current market conditions and the condition of the collateral.

FIRST CAPITAL, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(11 - continued)

At March 31, 2024, the significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of collateral dependent loans included a discount from appraised value for estimates of changes in market conditions, the condition of the collateral and estimated costs to sell the collateral of 20%. The Company recognized reductions in the provisions for credit losses on collateral dependent loans for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 of \$11,000 and \$40,000, respectively.

There have been no changes in the valuation techniques and related inputs used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis during the three month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023. There were no transfers into or out of the Company's Level 3 financial assets for the three month periods ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

GAAP requires disclosure of the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities, whether or not recognized in the balance sheet. In cases where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. In that regard, the derived fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets and, in many cases, could not be realized in immediate settlement of the instruments. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value amounts presented do not represent the underlying value of the Company. The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

- 37 -

FIRST CAPITAL, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(11 - continued)

Carrying Value			Fair		Fair Value Measurements Using				
		Value		_	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
\$	42,092	\$	42,092	\$	42,092	\$	-	\$	-
	3,185		3,178		-		3,178		-
	428,144		428,144		58,362		369,782		-
	7,000		4,405		-		4,405		-
	759		765		-		765		-
	621,377		618,055		-		-		618,055
	1,836		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
	4,442		4,442		-		4,442		-
	1,193		1,193		1,193		-		-
	1.010.092		1.008.683		-		-		1,008,683
					-		33,509		-
	1,398		1,398		-		1,398		-
\$	38.670	\$	38.670	\$	38,670	\$	-	\$	-
			,		,				-
					63,084				-
					-				-
	800		811		-		811		-
	614,409		609,243		-		-		609,243
	,		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A
			4,788		-		4,788		-
	,		,				,		
	1,260		1,260		1,260		-		-
	1 025 211		1 023 813		-		-		1,023,813
					-		21 470		
	1,209		1,209		-		1,209		-
		Value \$ 42,092 3,185 428,144 7,000 759 621,377 1,836 4,442 1,193 1,010,092 33,625 1,398 \$ 38,670 3,920 437,271 7,000 800 614,409 1,836 4,788 1,260 1,025,211 21,500	Value \$ 42,092 \$ 3,185 428,144 7,000 759 621,377 1,836 4,442 1,193 1,010,092 33,625 1,398 \$ 38,670 \$ 38,670 \$ 38,670 \$ 38,670 \$ 38,670 \$ 38,670 \$ 38,670 \$ 38,670 \$ 38,670 \$ 38,670 \$ 38,670 \$ 1,025,211 2,260 1,025,211 21,500	ValueValue $\$$ 42,092 $\$$ 42,092 $3,185$ $3,178$ $428,144$ $428,144$ $7,000$ $4,405$ 759 765 $621,377$ $618,055$ $1,836$ N/A $4,442$ $4,442$ $1,193$ $1,193$ $1,193$ $1,193$ $1,193$ $1,193$ $1,398$ $1,398$ $33,625$ $33,509$ $1,398$ $1,398$ $3,920$ $3,925$ $437,271$ $437,271$ $7,000$ $4,446$ 800 811 $614,409$ $609,243$ $1,836$ N/A $4,788$ $4,788$ $1,260$ $1,260$ $1,025,211$ $1,023,813$ $21,500$ $21,470$	ValueValue\$ $42,092$ \$ $3,185$ $3,178$ $428,144$ $428,144$ $7,000$ $4,405$ 759 765 $621,377$ $618,055$ $1,836$ N/A $4,442$ $4,442$ $1,193$ $1,193$ $1,193$ $1,193$ $1,00,092$ $1,008,683$ $33,625$ $33,509$ $1,398$ $1,398$ $1,398$ $1,398$ $3,920$ $3,925$ $437,271$ $437,271$ $7,000$ $4,446$ 800 811 $614,409$ $609,243$ $1,836$ N/A $4,788$ $4,788$ $1,260$ $1,260$ $1,025,211$ $1,023,813$ $21,500$ $21,470$	Value Value Level 1 \$ $42,092$ \$ $42,062$ $1,093$ $1,193$	Value Value Level 1 \$ $42,092$ \$ $42,092$ \$ $42,092$ \$ \$ $42,092$ \$ $42,092$ \$ $42,092$ \$ \$ $428,144$ $428,144$ $58,362$ - 7,000 $4,405$ - - 759 765 - - 621,377 618,055 - - 1,836 N/A N/A - 1,193 1,193 1,193 - 1,010,092 1,008,683 - - 1,010,092 1,008,683 - - 1,398 1,398 - - 1,398 1,398 - - \$ $38,670$ \$ $38,670$ \$ 3,920 $3,925$ - - 437,271 437,271 63,084 - 7,000 4,446 - - 800 811 -	Value Value Level 1 Level 2 \$ $42,092$ \$ $42,092$ \$ $-3,178$ 3,185 3,178 - 3,178 428,144 428,144 58,362 369,782 7,000 4,405 - 4,405 759 765 - 765 621,377 618,055 - - 1,836 N/A N/A N/A 4,442 - 4,442 1,193 1,193 1,193 - 1,193 1,193 1,193 - 1,010,092 1,008,683 - - 3,625 33,509 - 33,509 1,398 1,398 - 1,398 - - 3925 - 3925 437,271 437,271 63,084 374,187 7,000 4,446 - 4,446 800 811 - 811 614,409 609,243	Value Value Level 1 Level 2 \$ $42,092$ \$ $42,092$ \$ $-$ \$ \$ $42,092$ \$ $42,092$ \$ $-$ \$ \$ $3,185$ $3,178$ - $3,178$ - \$ $428,144$ $428,144$ $58,362$ $369,782$ 7,000 $4,405$ - $4,405$ 759 765 - 765 - - 1,1836 N/A N/A N/A $1,836$ N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A 4,442 - 4,442 $1,193$ $1,193$ $1,193$ $-$ - 33,509 - 33,509 $1,398$ $1,398$ $ 1,398$ - 1,398 $1,910,092$ $1,008,683$ - - - - $1,910,092$ $1,008,683$ - - 33,509 - 33,509 $1,398$ $1,398$



FIRST CAPITAL, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(11 - continued)

The methods and assumptions used to estimate fair value are described as follows:

Carrying amount is the estimated fair value for cash and cash equivalents, accrued interest receivable and payable, demand deposits and other transactions accounts. The fair value of securities and interest-bearing time deposits in other financial institutions is based on quoted market prices (where available) or values obtained from an independent pricing service. The fair value of loans, excluding loans held for sale, fixed-maturity certificates of deposit and borrowed funds is based on discounted cash flows using current market rates applied to the estimated life and credit risk of the instrument. The fair value of loans held for sale is based on specific prices of underlying contracts for sales to investors. It is not practicable to determine the fair value of FHLB and other restricted stock due to restrictions placed on its transferability. The methods utilized to measure the fair value of financial instruments at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 represent an approximation of exit price, but an actual exit price may differ.

12. Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Substantially all of the Company's revenue from contracts with customers in the scope of FASB ASC 606 is recognized within noninterest income. The following table presents the Company's sources of noninterest income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Three Months Ended March, 31						
(In thousands)		2024		2023			
In Scope for ASC 606							
Service charges on deposit accounts	\$	593	\$	562			
ATM and debit card fees		1,060		1,087			
Investment advisory income		13		12			
Other		35		33			
Revenue from contracts with customers		1,701		1,694			
Out of Scope for ASC 606							
Net gains on loans and investments		65		223			
Increase in cash value of life insurance		48		45			
Other		85		29			
Other noninterest income		198		297			
Total noninterest income	\$	1,899	\$	1,991			



FIRST CAPITAL, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(12 - continued)

A description of the Company's revenue streams accounted for under FASB ASC 606 follows:

Service Charges on Deposit Accounts: The Company earns fees from its deposit customers for transaction-based, account maintenance, and overdraft services. Transaction-based fees, which include services such as stop payment charges and statement rendering, are recognized at the time the transaction is executed as that is the point in time the Company fulfills the customer's request. Account maintenance fees, which relate primarily to monthly maintenance, are earned over the course of a month, representing the period over which the Company satisfies the performance obligation. Overdraft fees are recognized at the point in time that the overdraft occurs.

ATM and Debit Card Fees: The Company earns ATM usage fees and interchange fees from debit cardholder transactions conducted through a payment network. ATM fees are recognized at the point in time the transaction occurs. Interchange fees from cardholder transactions represent a percentage of the underlying transaction value and are recognized daily, concurrently with the transaction processing services provided to the cardholder.

Investment Advisory Income: The Company earns trust, insurance commissions, brokerage commissions and annuities income from its contracts with customers to manage assets for investment, and/or to transact on their accounts. These fees are primarily earned over time as the Company provides the contracted services and are generally assessed based on the market value of assets under management. Fees that are transaction based, including trade execution services, are recognized at the point in time that the transaction is executed. Other related fees, which are based on a fixed fee schedule, are recognized when the services are rendered.

Other Income: Other income from contracts with customers includes safe deposit box fees and ACH origination fees. This revenue is recognized at the time the transaction is executed or over the period the Company satisfies the performance obligation.

13. Captive Subsidiary

As described in Note 1, the Company had a wholly-owned insurance subsidiary providing property and casualty insurance coverage to the Company, the Bank and the Bank's subsidiaries, and reinsurance to nine other third party insurance captives for which insurance may not be currently available or economically feasible in the insurance marketplace. On April 10, 2023, the IRS issued IR-2023-74 and proposed regulations that may result in the Captive being considered a listed transaction. The proposed regulations include the possibility of material tax expense to the consolidated group if finalized in their current form. However, the final regulations have not been published and as such management cannot reasonably estimate or determine the potential tax liability as of December 31, 2023. The Captive was formally dissolved with all remaining assets transferred to the Company on December 31, 2023.

- 40 -

Safe Harbor Statement for Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are not historical facts nor guarantees of future performance; rather they are statements based on the Company's current expectations regarding its business strategies and their intended results and its future performance. Forward-looking statements can be identified by use of the words "expects," "believes," "anticipates," "intends," "could," "should" and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements also include, but are not limited to, statements regarding estimated cost savings, plans and objectives for future operations, and the Company's business and growth strategies.

Numerous risks and uncertainties could cause or contribute to the Company's actual results, performance and achievements being materially different from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause or contribute to these differences include, without limitation, general economic conditions, including changes in market interest rates and changes in monetary and fiscal policies of the federal government; the ability of the Company to execute its business plan; legislative and regulatory changes; the quality and composition of the loan and investment securities portfolio; loan demand; deposit flows; competition; and changes in accounting principles and guidelines. Additional factors that may affect our results are discussed in Part II of this Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 under "Item 1A. Risk Factors." These factors should be considered in evaluating the forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. These forward-looking statements are made only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and, except as required by applicable law or regulation, the Company assumes no obligation and disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

Critical Accounting Policies

The discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's consolidated financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. These estimates are based upon historical experience and on various other assumptions that management believes are reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates and judgments and have the most effect on the Company's reported financial position and results of operations are described as critical accounting policies in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, there was no significant change in the Company's critical account policies or the application of critical accounting policies as disclosed in the Company's Annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

- 41 -

Comparison of Financial Condition at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023

Total assets decreased \$1.3 million but remained at \$1.16 billion at December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024.

Net loans receivable (excluding loans held for sale) increased \$7.0 million from \$614.4 million at December 31, 2023 to \$621.4 million at March 31, 2024. Commercial real estate, multifamily residential and other construction, development and land loan increases of \$6.2 million, \$3.7 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, were partially offset by a decrease of \$2.3 million in home equity and second mortgage loans during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Cash and cash equivalents increased from \$38.7 million at December 31, 2023 to \$42.1 million at March 31, 2024 as maturities of available for sale securities and increased borrowings under the FRB's BTFP were partially offset by net deposit outflows at the Bank.

Securities available for sale decreased \$9.1 million from \$437.3 million at December 31, 2023 to \$428.1 million at March 31, 2024. Purchases of \$27.0 million of securities classified as available for sale were made during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and consisted primarily of U.S. government agency CMOs. Principal payments and maturities of available for sale securities totaled \$9.5 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, during the three months ended March 31, 2024. Securities classified as available for sale totaling \$19.2 million were sold during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and consisted primarily of municipal bonds. There was also an unrealized loss of \$2.1 million on the securities available for sale portfolio during the three month period ended March 31, 2024 due primarily to increasing market interest rates during the period.

Total deposits decreased from \$1.03 billion at December 31, 2023 to \$1.01 billion at March 31, 2024. Interest-bearing checking accounts decreased \$29.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024, while time deposits, noninterest-bearing check accounts and savings accounts increased \$9.8 million, \$3.8 million and \$744,000 during the period, respectively. Deposit inflows and outflows are influenced by prevailing market interest rates, competition, local and national economic conditions, and fluctuations in our customers' own liquidity needs and may also be influenced by recent developments in the financial services industry. Significant competition for deposits driven by high interest rate alternatives for depositors is currently impacting deposit fluctuations and increasing our cost of deposits.

The Company had \$33.6 million and \$21.5 million in borrowings outstanding from the FRB under the BTFP at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company utilized a series of short-term fixed-rate bullet and variable rate advances from the FHLB and the BTFP in order to meet daily liquidity requirements and to fund growth in earning assets.

Total stockholders' equity attributable to the Company increased from \$105.2 million at December 31, 2023 to \$105.7 million at March 31, 2024, due to a \$2.0 million increase in retained net income partially offset by a \$1.6 million net unrealized loss on available for sale securities. The net unrealized loss on available for sale securities during the period is primarily due to increases in market interest rates.

- 42 -

Results of Operations for the Three Month Periods Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023

Net income. Net income attributable to the Company was \$3.0 million (\$0.88 per diluted share) for the three months ended March 31, 2024 compared to \$3.8 million (\$1.14 per diluted share) for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Net interest income. Net interest income after provision for credit losses decreased \$678,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2024 as compared to the same period in 2023.

Total interest income increased \$1.7 million when comparing the periods due to an increase in the average tax-equivalent yield on interestearning assets from 3.73% for the first quarter of 2023 to 4.29% for the first quarter of 2024. The average balance of interest-earning assets was \$1.12 billion for the first quarters of 2023 and 2024. The increase in the tax-equivalent yield was primarily due to an increase in the tax equivalent yield on loans to 5.91% for the first quarter of 2024 compared to 5.40% for the same period in 2023.

Total interest expense increased \$2.2 million when comparing the periods due to an increase in the average cost of interest-bearing liabilities from 0.51% for the first quarter of 2023 to 1.55% for the first quarter of 2024, in addition to an increase in the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities from \$788.2 million for the first quarter of 2023 to \$833.7 million for the first quarter of 2024. The Company had average outstanding advances from the FHLB of \$3.4 million with an average rate of 5.63% and average outstanding borrowings under the FRB's BTFP of \$31.9 million with an average rate of 4.81% during the quarter ended March 31, 2024. The Company's total average outstanding balance of borrowings during the quarter ended March 31, 2024 was \$35.3 million with an average rate of 4.89%. There were no outstanding borrowed funds during the same quarter in 2023.

As a result of the changes in interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities, the tax-equivalent net interest margin decreased from 3.38% for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 to 3.14% for the same period in 2024.

Provision for credit losses. Based on management's analysis of the ACL on loans and unfunded loan commitments, the provision for credit losses increased from \$193,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 to \$280,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2024. The increase was due to loan growth during the period as well as management's consideration of macroeconomic uncertainty. The Bank recognized net charge-offs of \$55,000 and \$203,000 for the quarters ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Noninterest income. Noninterest income decreased \$92,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2024 as compared to the same period in 2023. The Company recognized a \$27,000 decrease in ATM and debit card fees, when comparing the two periods. In addition, the Company recognized a \$68,000 loss on equity securities for the quarter ended March 31, 2024 compared to a gain of \$137,000 for the same quarter in 2023. These were partially offset by increases of \$58,000 and \$31,000 in other income and service charges on deposit accounts, respectively. In addition, there was a \$32,000 gain on sale of available for sale securities during the quarter ended March 31, 2024 and no such sale in 2023.

- 43 -

Noninterest expense. Noninterest expense increased \$356,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2024 as compared to the same period in 2023, due primarily to increases in other expenses, professional fees, compensation and benefits, and data processing expenses of \$163,000, \$73,000, \$54,000, and \$45,000, respectively. The increase in other expenses was due primarily to increases in FDIC insurance premiums, consumer fraud losses, and cable and internet expense of \$53,000, \$34,000 and \$26,000, respectively.

Income tax expense. Income tax expense decreased \$262,000 for the first quarter of 2024 as compared to the first quarter of 2023 primarily due to increased benefits from tax credit entity investments during 2024. As a result, the effective tax rate for the quarter ended March 31, 2024 was 14.6% compared to 16.8% for the same period in 2023.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Bank's primary sources of funds are customer deposits, proceeds from loan repayments, maturing securities and borrowings from the FHLB or FRB. While loan repayments and maturities are a predictable source of funds, deposit flows and mortgage prepayments are greatly influenced by market interest rates, general economic conditions and competition. At March 31, 2024, the Bank had cash and cash equivalents of \$42.1 million and securities available-for-sale with a fair value of \$428.1 million. If the Bank requires funds beyond its ability to generate them internally, it has additional borrowing capacity with the FHLB, collateral eligible for repurchase agreements and unsecured federal funds purchased lines of credit with other financial institutions.

The Bank's primary investing activity is the origination of one-to-four family mortgage loans and commercial real estate loans and, to a lesser extent, consumer, multi-family, commercial business and residential construction loans. The Bank also invests in U.S. Government and agency securities and mortgage-backed securities issued by U.S. Government agencies.

The Bank must maintain an adequate level of liquidity to ensure the availability of sufficient funds to support loan growth and deposit withdrawals, to satisfy financial commitments and to take advantage of investment opportunities. Historically, the Bank has been able to retain a significant amount of its deposits as they mature.

The Company is a separate legal entity from the Bank and must provide for its own liquidity. In addition to its operating expenses, the Company, on a stand-alone basis, is responsible for paying any dividends declared to its shareholders. The Board of Directors of the Company also has authorized the repurchase of shares of its common stock. The Company's primary source of income is dividends received from the Bank. The amount of dividends that the Bank may declare and pay to the Company in any calendar year, without the receipt of prior approval from the Indiana Department of Financial Institutions ("IDFI"), cannot exceed net income for that year to date plus retained net income (as defined under Indiana law) for the preceding two calendar years. On a stand-alone basis, the Company had liquid assets of \$2.9 million at March 31, 2024.

- 44 -

The Bank is required to maintain specific amounts of capital pursuant to regulatory requirements. Beginning in 2020, qualifying community banks with assets of less than \$10 billion are eligible to opt in to the Community Bank Leverage Ratio ("CBLR") framework. The CBLR is the ratio of a bank's tangible equity capital to average total consolidated assets. A qualifying community bank that exceeds this ratio will be deemed to be in compliance with all other capital and leverage requirements, including the capital requirements to be considered "well capitalized" under Prompt Corrective Action statutes. The federal banking agencies may consider a financial institution's risk profile when evaluating whether it qualifies as a community bank for purposes of the capital ratio requirement. The federal banking agencies must set the minimum capital for the new CBLR at not less than 8% and not more than 10%, and has set the minimum ratio at 9% effective January 1, 2022. A financial institution that falls below the minimum CBLR generally has a two quarter grace period to get back into compliance as long as it maintains a minimum CBLR of 8%. A financial institution can elect to be subject to or opt out of the CBLR framework at any time. As a qualified community bank, the Bank had opted into the CBLR framework as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 and its CBLR was 10.29% and 9.92% as of those dates, respectively. Management believes that the Bank met all capital adequacy requirements to which it was subject as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Bank was considered "well-capitalized" under applicable regulatory guidelines.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

In the normal course of operations, the Company engages in a variety of financial transactions that, in accordance with GAAP, are not recorded on the Company's financial statements. These transactions involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit, interest rate and liquidity risk. Such transactions are primarily used to manage customers' requests for funding and take the form of loan commitments and letters of credit. A further presentation of the Company's off-balance sheet arrangements is presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023. The Company adopted ASU 2016-13 effective January 1, 2023 which requires an ACL on off-balance sheet credit exposures. See Note 4 for additional information.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, the Company did not engage in any off-balance sheet transactions reasonably likely to have a material effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

- 45 -

Qualitative Aspects of Market Risk. Market risk is the risk that the estimated fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities will decline as a result of changes in interest rates or financial market volatility, or that the Company's net income will be significantly reduced by interest rate changes.

The Company's principal financial objective is to achieve long-term profitability while reducing its exposure to fluctuating market interest rates. The Company has sought to reduce the exposure of its earnings to changes in market interest rates by attempting to manage the mismatch between asset and liability maturities and interest rates. In order to reduce the exposure to interest rate fluctuations, the Company has developed strategies to manage its liquidity, shorten its effective maturities of certain interest-earning assets and decrease the interest rate sensitivity of its asset base. Management has sought to decrease the average maturity of its assets by emphasizing the origination of short-term commercial and consumer loans, all of which are retained by the Company for its portfolio. The Company relies on retail deposits as its primary source of funds. Management believes retail deposits, compared to brokered deposits, reduce the effects of interest rate fluctuations because they generally represent a more stable source of funds.

Quantitative Aspects of Market Risk. The Company does not maintain a trading account for any class of financial instrument nor does the Company engage in hedging activities or purchase high-risk derivative instruments. Furthermore, the Company is not subject to foreign currency exchange rate risk or commodity price risk.

Potential cash flows, sales, or replacement value of many of our assets and liabilities, especially those that earn or pay interest, are sensitive to changes in the general level of interest rates. This interest rate risk arises primarily from our normal business activities of gathering deposits, extending loans and investing in investment securities. Many factors affect the Company's exposure to changes in interest rates, such as general economic and financial conditions, customer preferences, historical pricing relationships, and re-pricing characteristics of financial instruments. The Company's earnings can also be affected by the monetary and fiscal policies of the U.S. Government and its agencies, particularly the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

An element in the Company's ongoing process is to measure and monitor interest rate risk using a Net Interest Income at Risk simulation to model the interest rate sensitivity of the balance sheet and to quantify the impact of changing interest rates on the Company. The model quantifies the effects of various possible interest rate scenarios on projected net interest income over a one-year horizon. The model assumes a semi-static balance sheet and measures the impact on net interest income relative to a base case scenario of hypothetical changes in interest rates over twelve months and provides no effect given to any steps that management might take to counter the effect of the interest rate movements. The scenarios include prepayment assumptions, changes in the level of interest rates, the shape of the yield curve, and spreads between market interest rates in order to capture the impact from re-pricing, yield curve, option, and basis risks.

- 46 -

Results of the Company's simulation modeling, which assumes an immediate and sustained parallel shift in market interest rates, project that the Company's net interest income could change as follows over a one-year horizon, relative to our base case scenario, based on March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 financial information:

		At December 31, 2023 One Year Horizon				
Immediate Change						
in the Level	Dollar Change		Percent	Dollar	Percent Change	
of Interest Rates			Change	Change		
	(Dollars in thousands)					
300bp	\$	808	2.23%	\$ 503	1.44%	
200bp		563	1.55	354	1.01	
100bp		306	0.84	199	0.57	
Static		-	-	-	-	
(100)bp		(35)	(0.10)	72	0.21	
(200)bp		(251)	(0.69)	(48)	(0.13)	
(300)bp		(1,072)	(2.95)	(734)	(2.10)	

At March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company's simulated exposure to an increase in interest rates shows that an immediate and sustained increase in rates of 1.00%, 2.00% or 3.00% would increase the Company's net interest income over a one year horizon compared to a flat interest rate scenario. At March 31, 2024, an immediate and sustained decrease in rates of 1.00%, 2.00% or 3.00% would decrease the Company's net interest income over a one year horizon compared to a flat rates scenario. At December 31, 2023, an immediate and sustained decrease in rates of 2.00% or 3.00% would decrease the Company's net interest income over a one year horizon compared to a flat rates scenario. At December 31, 2023, an immediate and sustained decrease in rates of 2.00% or 3.00% would decrease the Company's net interest income over a one year horizon compared to a flat rates scenario, but an immediate and sustained decrease in rates of 1.00% would increase the Company's net interest income. During the three months ended March 31, 2024, management evaluated and adjusted deposit rate betas, interest rate spreads and rate index ties in its scenarios to better reflect the increasing rate environment and increased competitive pressure for deposits.

The Company also has longer term interest rate risk exposure, which may not be appropriately measured by Net Interest Income at Risk modeling. Therefore, the Company also uses an Economic Value of Equity ("EVE") interest rate sensitivity analysis in order to evaluate the impact of its interest rate risk on earnings and capital. This is measured by computing the changes in net EVE for its cash flows from assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items in the event of a range of assumed changes in market interest rates. EVE modeling involves discounting present values of all cash flows for on and off balance sheet items under different interest rate scenarios and provides no effect given to any steps that management might take to counter the effect of the interest rate movements. The discounted present value of all cash flows represents the Company's EVE and is equal to the market value of assets minus the market value of liabilities, with adjustments made for off-balance sheet items. The amount of base case EVE and its sensitivity to shifts in interest rates provide a measure of the longer term re-pricing and option risk in the balance sheet.

- 47 -

Results of the Company's simulation modeling, which assumes an immediate and sustained parallel shift in market interest rates, project that the Company's EVE could change as follows, relative to the Company's base case scenario, based on March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 financial information:

		At March 31, 2024							
Immediate Change		Eco	nom	ic Value of Equ	ity	Economic Value of Equity as a			
in the Level		Dollar		Dollar	Percent	Percent of Present Value of Assets			
of Interest Rates		Amount		Change	Change	EVE Ratio	Change		
					(Dollars in th	ousands)			
300bp	\$	217,620	\$	(6,421)	(2.87)%	20.75%	106bp		
200bp		221,505		(2,536)	(1.13)	20.54	86bp		
100bp		223,827		(214)	(0.10)	20.20	52bp		
Static		224,041		-	-	19.69	Obp		
(100)bp		222,989		(1,052)	(0.47)	19.10	(59)bp		
(200)bp		218,281		(5,760)	(2.57)	18.22	(147)bp		
(300)bp		204,205		(19,836)	(8.85)	16.67	(302)bp		
					At December	31, 2023			
Immediate Change	—	Eco	nom	ic Value of Equ			lue of Equity as a		
in the Level		Dollar		Dollar	Percent	Percent of Present Value of Assets			
of Interest Rates		Amount		Change	Change	EVE Ratio	Change		
					(Dollars in th	ousands)			
300bp	\$	206,434	\$	(4,405)	(1.97)%	19.65%	111bp		
200bp	Ŷ	209,839	Ψ	(1,000)	(0.45)	19.45	91bp		
100bp		211,505		666	0.30	19.09	55bp		
Static		210,839		-	-	18.54	Obp		
(100)bp		209,270		(1,569)	(0.70)	17.94	(60)bp		
(200)bp		204,705		(6,134)	(2.74)	17.10	(144)bp		
(300)bp		191,171		(19,668)	(8.78)	15.61	(293)bp		

The tables indicate that at March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 the Company would expect a decrease in its EVE in the event of a sudden and sustained 200 or 300 basis point increase or a 100, 200 or 300 sudden and sustained decrease in prevailing interest rates. At March 31, 2024, the Company would expect a decrease in its EVE in the event of a sudden and sustained 100 basis point increase in prevailing interest rates. At December 31, 2023, the Company would expect an increase in its EVE in the event of a sudden and sustained 100 basis point increase in prevailing interest rates. At December 31, 2023, the Company would expect an increase in its EVE in the event of a sudden and sustained 100 basis point increase in prevailing interest rates. As previously mentioned in this report, during the three months ended March 31, 2024, management evaluated and adjusted deposit rate betas, interest rate spreads and rate index ties in its scenarios to better reflect the increasing rate environment and increased competitive pressure for deposits.

- 48 -

The models are driven by expected behavior in various interest rate scenarios and many factors besides market interest rates affect the Company's net interest income and EVE. For this reason, the Company models many different combinations of interest rates and balance sheet assumptions to understand its overall sensitivity to market interest rate changes. Therefore, as with any method of measuring interest rate risk, certain shortcomings are inherent in the method of analysis presented in the foregoing tables and it is recognized that the model outputs are not guarantees of actual results. For example, although certain assets and liabilities may have similar maturities or periods to repricing, they may react in different degrees to changes in market interest rates. Also, the interest rates on certain types of assets and liabilities may fluctuate in advance of changes in market interest rates, while interest rates on other types may lag behind changes in market rates. Additionally, certain assets, such as adjustable-rate mortgage loans, have features that restrict changes in interest rates on a short-term basis and over the life of the asset. Further, in the event of a change in interest rates, expected rates of prepayments on loans and early withdrawals from certificates of deposit could deviate significantly from those assumed in the modeling scenarios.

PART I - ITEM 4 CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES FIRST CAPITAL, INC.

Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the "Exchange Act"). Based upon their evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective for the purpose of ensuring that the information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act with the SEC (1) is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and (2) is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.



PART II OTHER INFORMATION FIRST CAPITAL, INC.

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On August 19, 2008, the board of directors authorized the repurchase of up to 240,467 shares of the Company's outstanding common stock. The stock repurchase program will expire upon the purchase of the maximum number of shares authorized under the program, unless the board of directors terminates the program earlier. There were no repurchases of the Company's outstanding common stock during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

- 50 -

PART II OTHER INFORMATION FIRST CAPITAL, INC.

Item 6. Exhibits

3.1	Articles of Incorporation of First Capital, Inc. (1)
3.2	Fifth Amended and Restated Bylaws of First Capital, Inc. (2)
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are
	embedded with the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

(2) Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 18, 2013.

- 51 -

⁽¹⁾ Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with the Registration Statement on Form SB-2 on September 16, 1998, and any amendments thereto, Registration No. 333-63515, as amended by that Amendment to Articles of Incorporation provided as Exhibit 3.1 to the Report on Form 8-K files with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 19, 2016.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

FIRST CAPITAL, INC. (Registrant)

Dated May 14, 2024

Dated May 14, 2024

BY: /s/Michael C. Frederick Michael C. Frederick President and CEO

BY: <u>/s/ Joshua P. Stevens</u> Joshua P. Stevens Executive Vice President, CFO and Treasurer

- 52 -

CERTIFICATION

I, Michael C. Frederick, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of First Capital, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and in preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 14, 2024

<u>/s/ Michael C. Frederick</u> Michael C. Frederick President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION

I, Joshua P. Stevens, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of First Capital, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and in preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 14, 2024

<u>/s/ Joshua P. Stevens</u> Joshua P. Stevens Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of First Capital, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Michael C. Frederick, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the period covered by the Report.

DATE: May 14, 2024

BY: <u>/s/ Michael C. Frederick</u> Michael C. Frederick President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of First Capital, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Joshua P. Stevens, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of and for the period covered by the Report.

DATE: May 14, 2024

BY: /s/ Joshua P. Stevens

Joshua P. Stevens Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)